### **Russian Economic History**

Lecture 6: Economics of World War II

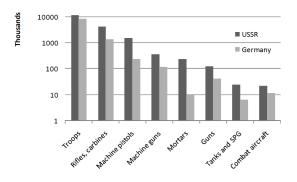
Econ 472

Fall 2020

## Balance of Supplies

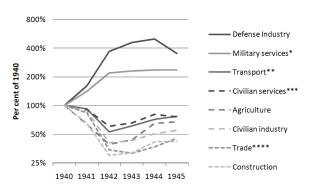
The Eastern Front

Balance of Supplies on the Eastern Front, 1942



### Mobilization for War Change in Composition of Output

Net national product of the Soviet Union by sector of origin, 1940 to 1945 (percent of 1940, at factor costs of 1937)



# The Eastern Front



## Farthest German Advance

Case Blue, 1942



# German Invasion Invasion of the Soviet Union



## Battle of Kursk

#### The Plan of Attack

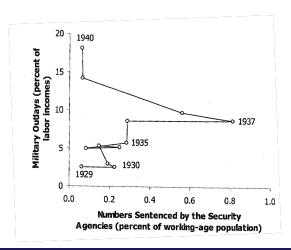


# The Urban Transition Urban and Rural Population

The Urban Transition, 1928-39 (millions)

	Urban	Rural
1928	28.1	121.9
1929	29.5	123.2
1930	31.2	123.6
1931	34.2	122.5
1932	38.6	119.4
1933	41.6	116.4
1934	42.7	116.3
1935	45.4	114.4
1936	48.2	112.8
1937	50.2	112.8
1938	52.4	113.8
1939	54.7	114.8

# Repression and Military Spending Dictator's Tradeoff



# Mobilization and Losses Soviet Union and Germany Compared

#### Military Mobilization and Losses, USSR and Germany Compared

	U	Germany		
	million	of prewar population (%)	million	of prewar population (%)
World War I				
Military mobilization	15.8	10	13.2	20
Military losses	1.8	I	2.0	3
World War II				
Military mobilization	30.6	16	13.0	19
Losses, total	25.6	13	6.5	ý
military	8.7	4	4.5	6
civilian	16.9	9	2.0	3

# Production Compared Military and Civilian Production

#### Russian and Soviet industrial production, 1914-1917 and 1941-1945

(per cent of prewar output)

	World War I	I		World War II	
	Military goods	Civilian goods		Military goods	Civilian goods
1913	100	100	1940	100	100
1914	115	101	1941	170	86
1915	225	102	1942	339	35
1916	229	88	1943	422	37
1917°	222	61	1944	466	42
			1945	328	47

## War Economy Price Deflators

#### Soviet Price Deflators, 1941-45 (percent of 1940)

	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945
Defence industry Civilian industry:	84.5%	66.4%	60.9%	59.2%	57.4%
machinery				103.8%	
basic goods				105.8%	
Construction				126.9%	
Railway freight				125.6%	
Public sector wage					132%
Retail trade	••	215%	357%	352%	267%

## War Economy Defense Burden

Soviet GNP and the Defense Burden, 1940 and 1942-4

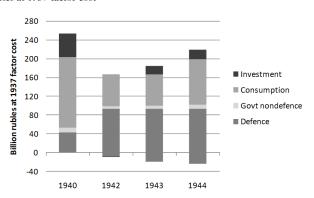
(billion rubles at 1937 factor cost and percent)

	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944
(A) P'''' 11					
(A) Billion rubles					
Gross national product	253.9	218.7	166.8	185.4	220.3
Defence outlays	43.9	61.8	101.4	113.2	117.2
Net imports	0.0	0.3	7.8	19.0	22.9
Defence outlays,		_	•	-	-
less net imports	43.9	61.5	93.7	94.1	94.3
(B) Percent of GNP					
Defence outlays	17%	28%	61%	61%	53%
Net imports	0%	ο%	5%	10%	10%
Defence outlays,					
less net imports	17%	28%	56%	51%	43%

## War Economy

#### Defense Burden

## Soviet GNP by final use billion rubles at 1937 factor cost



# War Economy Women's Work

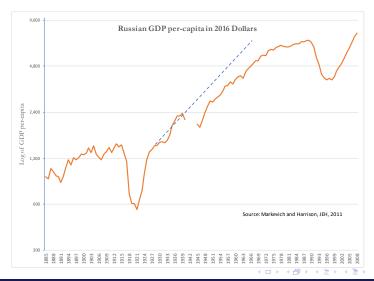
#### Women's Share in Soviet Employment, 1940-5

(per cent of total)

	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945
Public sector	38%	••	53%	57%	57%	55%
industry	41%		52%	53%	53%	51%
construction	23%		24%	29%		32%
transport	21%		35%	42%	45%	40%
farming	34%		54%	61%		61%
Collective farming		52%	62%	73%	78%	80%

### War Economy Impact

Markevich-Harrison Diagram with Hypothetical Trend



# Agriculture USSR Net Agricultural Production per-capita

USSR Net Agricultural Production per-capita

<b>}</b> ,	1940	1950-53 average
Grain	238.4	247.9
Potatoes	194.6	172.8
Green vegetables	50.1	41.2
Milk	144.2	144.8
Meat	24.5	27.5
Eggs (units)	58.9	68.0

Source: Johnson and Kahan 1959, p. 210.